Telephone: 044-2999 7572.



#### DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND PREVENTIVE MEDICINE

From

Tmt.L.Sujatha, M.Sc., M.A., B.Ed., CHIEF WATER ANALYST Chief Water Analyst's Laboratory, King Institute Campus, Guindy, To

Dr. JACOB'S HITECH SCHOOL, No.114, Vilangadu, Acharapakkam, Kancheepuram District, Pincode:603 201.

R.No. 35 /C/2025 Misc -48 & 49

Dated: 12.02.2025.

Sir/Madam,

Chennai-600 032.

Sub: Report on examination of water samples - Regarding.

Ref: Your letter dated. 07.01.2025.

Two samples of water stated to have been collected on 28.01.2025 by Thiru.A.Prakash from the following Source/ Point located within the premises Dr.JACOB's HITECH SCHOOL, No.114, Vilangadu, Kancheepuram District were received at this laboratory from the addressee on the same day to assess their suitability for drinking purposes.

- 1 .Water from the Open well near Entrance Gate (MISC 48)
- 2. Water from the RO Plant Outlet tap at First floor of the School (MISC 49)

The results of analysis are furnished overleaf.

### 1. Water from the Open well near Entrance Gate (MISC 48)

The sample of water is Colourless and clear in physical appearance.

Chemical analysis reveals that it is hard, with high value for alkalinity and it is considered to be acceptable chemical quality for drinking purposes.

However, it is of poor bacteriological quality for drinking purposes as evidenced by the presence of Coliform group of organisms.

Hence the source of water needs disinfection before consumption.

## RESULTS OF EXAMINATION OF SAMPLES OF WATER

From: Dr. JACOB's HITECH SCHOOL, No.114, Vilangadu, Acharapakkam, Kancheepuram District – 603 201.

Collected by: Thiru. A. Prakash.

M-48

M-49

Date of Collection: 28.01.2025  Date of Receipt: 28.01.2025  Source as per label:		Water from the Open well near Entrance Gate	Water from the R.O plant outlet tap at First Floor of the School	Maximum permissible limit for drinking water as per BIS 10500/2012
Bacteriological Examination	Total colonies per ml on agar at 37°C	40	10	10
	MPN of Coliform bacteria per 100 ml.	75	0	0
	Nature of Coliform bacteria isolated Rapid Test for Ecoli	Klebsiella aerogens II		absent
Physical Examination	Colour	Colourless	Colourless	Colourless
	Turbidity (Units)	5	2	
	Smell	None		5
	Total dissolved Solids	850	None	None
	Carbonate hardness as CaCo <sub>3</sub>	344	30	2000
	Non- Carbonate hardness as CaCo <sub>3</sub>	0	0	•
	Total hardness as CaCo <sub>3</sub>	344	2.0	600
	Chloride as Chlorine	104	6.5	1000
	Ammoniacal nitrogen	-	0.5	Nil
	Albuminoid nitrogen	_		
		0.72	0.32	Nil
	Oxygen absorbed (Tidy's test)  Nitrate-nitrogen	2.0	and the second s	
mg/1)	Alkalinity 7 Phenolphthalein	0	Nil	10.2
	as CaCO₃ Methyl Orange	468	0	-
	Fluoride as Fluorine	0.4	0.1	600
		7.6		1.5
	PH.		6.2	6.5-8.5
	Iron as Fe Total	0.05	· · · Nil	1.0
	Ferrous	Nil	Nil	
	Manganese as Mn.  Qualitative-	Nil	Nil	0.3
	Quantative-		6	
	Nitrite nitrogen	Trace	Trace	Trace
	Sulphate	Trace	Trace	400
	Phosphate	Trace	Trace	Trace
	Toxic substances			
	Electrical conductivity (Reciprocal megohms per Cm³ at 20°C)  Microscopical Examination	1220	40	-

### Method of Disinfection:

The disinfection is carried out by chlorinating the water collected from the Source (Open well) at the storage units (OHT/ Sump) by using 4 gms of BIS grade bleaching powder containing 32 to 34 % of chlorine content or 20 ml of 4 to 6 % sodium hypochlorite solution for every 1000 litres of water with half an hour contact time before Consumption.

The Storage units should be cleaned with strong bleaching powder solution periodically atleast once in a month to ensure hygienic safety of storage units.

# 2. Water from the RO Plant Outlet tap at First Floor of the School (MISC 49)

The sample of water is Colourless and clear in physical appearance.

Chemical analysis reveals that it is very soft and less mineralized. Even though it is of usable chemical quality for drinking, the total hardness is too low with only 2.0 mg/l. The calcium and magnesium elements are almost removed from this water, which are very essential for healthy living of human beings. Consumption of such low content of Calcium and Magnesium water for a prolonged time shall be deleterious to the health of the consumers including growing Children.

Hence it is advised that the firm which installed the R.O unit should be contacted with this analytical report and arrangements may be made to set right the R.O unit in such a way that the outlet water should contain at least a minimum content of total hardness (30mg/l) so as to have some amount of calcium and magnesium which are very essential for healthy life.

It is of satisfactory biological and bacteriological quality for drinking purposes on this occasion.

Copy to: Lab & File

Chief WATER ANALYST, Chief Water Analysis Laboratory, Guindy, Chennai – 32.